

# Electro-Magnetics

## Del, Divergence, Gradient, Curl

$\mathbf{p}$	position
$l$	length
$d\mathbf{l} \equiv \hat{\mathbf{t}} dl$	length segment
$A$	area
$d\mathbf{A} \equiv \hat{\mathbf{n}} dA$	surface patch
$V$	volume

$$\text{div } \mathbf{F} \equiv \lim_{A \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{V} \oiint \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{A} \equiv \nabla \cdot \mathbf{F}$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{n}} \cdot \text{curl } \mathbf{F} \equiv \lim_{\Delta A_l \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\Delta A_l} \oint \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{l} \equiv \hat{\mathbf{n}} \cdot (\nabla \times \mathbf{F})$$

$$\text{grad } f \equiv \nabla f$$

$$\oiint \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{A} = \iiint \nabla \cdot \mathbf{F} dV$$

$$\oint \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = \iint \nabla \times \mathbf{F} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{n}} dA$$

$$\text{del} \equiv \nabla = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \\ \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \\ \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\nabla f(x, y, z) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \frac{\partial F_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial F_y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial F_z}{\partial z}$$

$$\nabla \times \mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{j} & \mathbf{k} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ F_x & F_y & F_z \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial F_z}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial F_y}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial F_x}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial F_z}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial F_y}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial F_x}{\partial y} \end{bmatrix}$$

## Physical Constants

$c$	$3.000 \times 10^8$	speed of light in free space	$\text{m}^1 \text{s}^{-1}$
$\epsilon_0 = 10^7/c^2 4\pi$	$8.854 \times 10^{-12}$	free space permittivity	$\text{N}^{-1} \text{C}^2 \text{m}^{-2}$
$\mu_0 = 4\pi/10^7$	$1.257 \times 10^{-6}$	free space permeability	$\text{N}^1 \text{C}^{-2} \text{s}^2$

## Variable - Quantity - Unit

$\mathbf{p}$	position	meter	$\text{m}^1$
$\mathbf{v} = d\mathbf{p}/dt$	velocity	meter/second	$\text{m}^1 \text{s}^{-1}$
$\mathbf{a} = d\mathbf{v}/dt$	acceleration	meter/second <sup>2</sup>	$\text{m}^1 \text{s}^{-2}$
$Q$	charge (bulk)	coulomb	$\text{C}^1$
$I = dQ/dt$	electric current	ampere	$\text{C}^1 \text{s}^{-1}$
$\rho = dQ/dV$	charge density	coulomb/meter <sup>3</sup>	$\text{C}^1 \text{m}^{-3}$
$\epsilon$	permittivity	farad/meter	$\text{N}^{-1} \text{C}^2 \text{m}^{-2}$
$\mu$	permeability	henry/meter	$\text{N}^1 \text{C}^{-2} \text{s}^2$
$\mathbf{E}$	electric field	volt/meter, newton/coulomb	$\text{N}^1 \text{C}^{-1}$
$\mathbf{B}$	magnetic flux density	weber/meter <sup>2</sup>	$\text{N}^1 \text{C}^{-1} \text{m}^{-1} \text{s}^1$
$\mathbf{J} = \rho \mathbf{v}$	current flux density	ampere/meter <sup>2</sup>	$\text{C}^1 \text{m}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$
$\sigma$	electric conductivity	siemen/meter	$\text{N}^{-1} \text{C}^2 \text{m}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$
$\mathbf{D}$	electric flux density	coulomb/meter <sup>2</sup>	$\text{C}^1 \text{m}^{-2}$
$\mathbf{H}$	magnetic field	ampere/meter	$\text{C}^1 \text{m}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$
$\mathbf{M}$	magnetic		$\text{N}^1 \text{C}^{-1} \text{m}^{-1}$
$\sigma^*$	magnetic loss	ohm/meter	$\text{N}^1 \text{C}^{-2} \text{s}^1$

## Force - Charge - Electric Field

$$\mathbf{F}/q = \mathbf{E} + (\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{B})$$

$$\mathbf{E}(\mathbf{p}_0) = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{q_i(\mathbf{p}_0 - \mathbf{p}_i)}{|\mathbf{p}_0 - \mathbf{p}_i|^3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \iiint \frac{\rho_V(\mathbf{p}_0 - \mathbf{p}_V)}{|\mathbf{p}_0 - \mathbf{p}_V|^3} dV$$

## Conservation

check this one

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot \mathbf{J} = 0 \quad \text{charge}$$

## Electrostatic

$$\oiint \mathbf{E} \cdot d\mathbf{A} = Q/\epsilon_0$$

$$\oint \mathbf{E} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = 0$$

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{E} = \rho/\epsilon_0$$

$$\nabla \times \mathbf{E} = 0$$

## Magnetostatic

$$\oiint \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{A} = 0$$

$$\oint \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = \mu_0 I$$

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B} = 0$$

$$\nabla \times \mathbf{B} = \mu_0 \mathbf{J}$$

## Electromagnetic

$$\oint \mathbf{E} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = - \iint \frac{d\mathbf{B}}{dt} \cdot d\mathbf{A}$$

$$\oint \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = \mu_0 I + \mu_0 \epsilon_0 \iint \frac{d\mathbf{E}}{dt} \cdot d\mathbf{A}$$

$$\nabla \times \mathbf{E} = - \frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial t}$$

$$\nabla \times \mathbf{B} = \mu_0 \mathbf{J} + \mu_0 \epsilon_0 \frac{\partial \mathbf{E}}{\partial t}$$

## E/M Equations

$$\nabla \Phi = -\mathbf{E}$$

$$\nabla^2 \Phi = \rho/\epsilon$$

$$c^2 \nabla \times \mathbf{B} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{E}}{\partial t} + \frac{\mathbf{J}}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\oiint \mathbf{D} \cdot d\mathbf{A} = 0$$

$$\oiint \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{A} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \iint \mathbf{D} \cdot d\mathbf{A} = \oint \mathbf{H} \cdot d\mathbf{l} - \iint \mathbf{J} \cdot d\mathbf{A}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \iint \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{A} = - \oint \mathbf{E} \cdot d\mathbf{l} - \iint \mathbf{M} \cdot d\mathbf{A}$$

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{D} = 0$$

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{D}}{\partial t} = (\nabla \times \mathbf{H}) - \mathbf{J}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial t} = -(\nabla \times \mathbf{E}) - \mathbf{M}$$

$$\mathbf{J} = \mathbf{J}_{source} + \sigma \mathbf{E}$$

$$\mathbf{M} = \mathbf{M}_{source} + \sigma^* \mathbf{H}$$

## FDTD Model

$$\epsilon \frac{\partial \mathbf{E}}{\partial t} = (\nabla \times \mathbf{H}) - (\mathbf{J}_{source} + \sigma \mathbf{E})$$

$$\mu \frac{\partial \mathbf{H}}{\partial t} = -(\nabla \times \mathbf{E}) - (\mathbf{M}_{source} + \sigma^* \mathbf{H})$$

$$\frac{\partial E_x}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{\epsilon} \left[ \frac{\partial H_z}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial H_y}{\partial z} - (\mathbf{J}_{source_x} + \sigma E_x) \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial E_y}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{\epsilon} \left[ \frac{\partial H_x}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial H_z}{\partial x} - (\mathbf{J}_{source_y} + \sigma E_y) \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial E_z}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{\epsilon} \left[ \frac{\partial H_y}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial H_x}{\partial y} - (\mathbf{J}_{source_z} + \sigma E_z) \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial H_x}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{\mu} \left[ \frac{\partial E_y}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial E_z}{\partial y} - (\mathbf{M}_{source_x} + \sigma^* H_x) \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial H_y}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{\mu} \left[ \frac{\partial E_z}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial E_x}{\partial z} - (\mathbf{M}_{source_y} + \sigma^* H_y) \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial H_z}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{\mu} \left[ \frac{\partial E_x}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial E_y}{\partial x} - (\mathbf{M}_{source_z} + \sigma^* H_z) \right]$$

$$x \triangleright y \triangleright z \triangleright$$

$$\epsilon E_t^1 = H_2^3 - H_3^2 - J_{S1} - \sigma E_1$$

$$\mu H_t^1 = E_2^3 - E_3^2 - M_{S1} - \sigma^* H_1$$

## Velocity and Frequency

$$\nu = f\lambda \quad \text{traveling wave speed}$$

$$\nu = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon\mu}} \quad \text{em wave speed}$$